

# Medieval Astrology Profile for Charles Wilkes

V.1. 30-Jan-2009. 12:47:03 PM, 8LE06'49". V.2. 7-Feb-2021. 9:10:02 PM, ASC 17SC19'32".

*Introduction to delineation of appearance and character in natal astrology.* The following document is a hand-written analysis of **Charles Wilkes**, using the principles of medieval predictive astrology. The discipline of natal astrology focuses on the fate of an individual based on a horoscope cast for the moment of birth. Within natal astrology, the 1<sup>st</sup> house occupying the eastern horizon at birth describes the native: physical vitality, appearance, and character. Between the Hellenistic and Medieval eras several specialized models were developed to assess these characteristics. They include **longevity** (vitality and length of life), **physiognomy** (form and shape of the face and body), **victor of the chart** (overall life purpose), **manners** (social conduct including ethical behavior), and **temperament** (elemental mix of fire, earth, air, and water with applications in medical astrology). Prior research has presented models and results for longevity (*A Rectification Manual: The American Presidency*, Chapter 4) and physiognomy (*Astrological Physiognomy: History and Sources & Astrological Physiognomy: Empirical Tests of the Leo Rising Decan*).

*Victor of the Chart.* Included are two competing models for computing the victor of the chart said to be the single most powerful planet in the horoscope. According to Plato's follower Porphyry, by configuration in the natal horoscope the planet signifying the victor of the chart shows the life choice made by the soul prior to incarnation. Plato explains the details of his soul model in *The Myth of Er* found in the closing pages of his work *The Republic*. Porphyry and his peer Antiochus offer specific rules for determining the victor of the chart. The method of Antiochus/Porphyry is compared to a later method for determining the victor suggested by the Jewish Rabbi Abraham ben Meir ibn Ezra, a philosopher and astrologer active in the 12<sup>th</sup> century. For a discussion of these two models, see the companion paper *Victor of the Chart: Testing Methods of Antiochus/Porphyry and Ibn Ezra*, which serves as a key to what is presented here.

*Manners.* Plato was not alone among Greek philosophers in conceiving models for the soul. Aristotle's model of vegetative, sensitive, and intellective soul levels (assigned respectively to the plant, animal, and human kingdoms) was taken up by Ptolemy, who found a correspondence between the sensitive and intellective soul and Moon and Mercury in the natal horoscope. Configuration of the Moon and Mercury, with special emphasis given to their rulers, is a second method for analyzing the soul. Ptolemy introduces this model in *Tetrabiblos III.13* "Of the Quality of the Soul." Subsequent authors refer to this model as "Signicators of the Soul" or "Manners." A summary template for the Moon and Mercury is presented in the paper and will be further developed in future versions.

## Acknowledgements

### Birth Data

Charles Wilkes, 4-Apr-1798, New York City, NY, untimed.  
No Astrodatabank record. Rectified herein by Regulus Astrology LLC.

### Photo Image

By Unknown author - <http://airandspace.si.edu/imagdetail.cfm?imageID=4202>, Public Domain,  
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## **Charles Wilkes (April 3, 1798 – February 8, 1877)**

Charles Wilkes was an American naval officer, ship's captain, and explorer. He led the United States Exploring Expedition, 1838–1842. His behavior led to two convictions by court-martial, one stemming from the massacre of almost 80 Fijians on Malolo in 1840. During the American Civil War (1861–1865) he commanded USS *San Jacinto* during the *Trent* Affair, where he stopped a Royal Mail Ship and removed two Confederate diplomats, which almost led to war between the US and the UK.

Wilkes was born in New York City, on April 3, 1798, as the great nephew of the former Lord Mayor of London John Wilkes. His mother was Mary Seton, who died in 1802 when Charles was just three years old. As a result, Charles was raised by his aunt, Elizabeth Ann Seton, who would later convert to Roman Catholicism and become the first American-born woman canonized a saint by the Catholic Church. When Elizabeth was left widowed with five children, Charles was sent to a boarding school, and later attended Columbia College, which is the present-day Columbia University. He entered the United States Navy as a midshipman in 1818, and became a lieutenant in 1826.

In 1833, for his survey of Narragansett Bay, he was placed in charge of the Navy's Department of Charts and Instruments, out of which developed the Naval Observatory and Hydrographic Office. Wilkes' interdisciplinary expedition (1838–1842) set a physical oceanography benchmark for the office's first superintendent Matthew Fontaine Maury.

During the 1820s, Wilkes was a member of the prestigious Columbian Institute for the Promotion of Arts and Sciences, which counted among its members presidents Andrew Jackson and John Quincy Adams and many prominent men of the day, including well-known representatives of the military, government service, medical and other professions.

In 1838, although not yet a seasoned naval line officer, Wilkes was experienced in nautical survey work, and was working with civilian scientists. Upon this background, he was given command of the government exploring expedition "... for the purpose of exploring and surveying the Southern Ocean,... as well to determine the existence of all doubtful islands and shoals, as to discover, and accurately fix, the position of those which [lay] in or near the track of our vessels in that quarter, and [might] have escaped the observation of scientific navigators." The US Exploring Squadron was authorized by act of the Congress on May 18, 1836.

The Exploring Expedition, commonly known as the "Wilkes Expedition," included naturalists, botanists, a mineralogist, taxidermists, artists and a philologist, and it was carried by USS *Vincennes* (780 tons) and USS *Peacock* (650 tons), the brig USS *Porpoise* (230 tons), the store-ship USS *Relief*, and two schooners, USS *Sea Gull* (110 tons) and USS *Flying Fish* (96 tons).

Departing from Hampton Roads on August 18, 1838, the expedition stopped at the Madeira Islands and Rio de Janeiro; visited Tierra del Fuego, Chile, Peru, the Tuamotu Archipelago, Samoa, and New South Wales; from Sydney sailed into the Antarctic Ocean in December 1839 and reported the discovery "of an Antarctic continent west of the Balleny Islands" of which it sighted the coast on January 25, 1840. After charting 1500 miles of Antarctic coastline, the expedition visited Fiji and the Hawaiian Islands. In Fiji, the expedition kidnapped the chief Ro Veidovi, charging him with the murder

of a crew of American whalers. And, in July 1840, two sailors, one of whom was Wilkes' nephew, Midshipman Wilkes Henry, were killed while bartering for food on Fiji's Malolo Island. Wilkes' retribution was swift and severe. According to an old man of Malolo Island, nearly 80 Fijians were killed in the incident.

From December 1840 to March 1841, he employed hundreds of native Hawaiian porters and many of his men to haul a pendulum to the summit of Mauna Loa to measure gravity. Instead of using the existing trail, he blazed his own way, taking much longer than he anticipated. The conditions on the mountain reminded him of Antarctica. Many of his crew suffered snow blindness, altitude sickness and foot injuries from wearing out their shoes.

He explored the west coast of North America, including the Strait of Juan de Fuca, Puget Sound, the Columbia River, San Francisco Bay and the Sacramento River, in 1841.

He held the first American Independence Day celebration west of the Mississippi River in Dupont, Washington on July 5, 1841.

The United States Exploring Expedition passed through the Ellice Islands and visited Funafuti, Nukufetau and Vaitupu in 1841. The expedition returned by way of the Philippines, the Sulu Archipelago, Borneo, Singapore, Polynesia and the Cape of Good Hope, reaching New York on June 10, 1842.

After having completely encircled the globe (his was the last all-sail naval mission to do so), Wilkes had logged some 87,000 miles and lost two ships and 28 men. Wilkes was court-martialed upon his return for the loss of one of his ships on the Columbia River bar, for the regular mistreatment of his subordinate officers, and for excessive punishment of his sailors. A major witness against him was ship doctor Charles Guillou. He was acquitted on all charges except illegally punishing men in his squadron. For a short time, he was attached to the Coast Survey, but from 1844 to 1861, he was chiefly engaged in preparing the report of the expedition.

His *Narrative of the United States Exploring Expedition* (5 volumes and an atlas) was published in 1844. He edited the scientific reports of the expedition (19 volumes and 11 atlases, 1844–1874) and was the author of Vol. XI (Meteorology) and Vol. XXIII (Hydrography). Alfred Thomas Agate, engraver and illustrator, was the designated portrait and botanical artist of the expedition. His work was used to illustrate the *Narrative of the United States Exploring Expedition*.

The *Narrative* contains much interesting material concerning the manners, customs, political and economic conditions in many places then little known. Wilkes' 1841 Map of the Oregon Territory predated John Charles Fremont's first Oregon Trail pathfinder expedition guided by Kit Carson during 1842.

Other valuable contributions were the three reports of James Dwight Dana on *Zoophytes* (1846), *Geology* (1849) and *Crustacea* (1852–1854). Moreover, the specimens and artifacts brought back by expedition scientists ultimately formed the foundation for the Smithsonian Institution collection. In

addition to many shorter articles and reports, Wilkes published the major scientific works *Western America, including California and Oregon* in 1849 and *Voyage round the world: embracing the principal events of the narrative of the United States Exploring Expedition in one volume: illustrated with one hundred and seventy-eight engravings on wood* in 1849, and *Theory of the Winds* in 1856.

Wilkes was promoted to the rank of commander in 1843 and that of captain in 1855. At the outbreak of the American Civil War, he was assigned to the command of USS *San Jacinto* to search for the Confederate commerce destroyer CSS *Sumter*.

As part of these duties, he visited the British colony of Bermuda. Acting on orders, Wilkes remained in port for nearly a week aboard his flagship, USS *Wachusett*, violating the British rule that allowed American naval vessels (of either side) to remain in port for only a single day. While Wilkes remained in port, his gunboats USS *Tioga* and USS *Sonoma* blockaded Saint George's harbor, a key Confederate blockade runner base. The gunboats opened fire at the Royal Mail Ship *Merlin*.

When Wilkes learned that James Murray Mason and John Slidell, two Confederate commissioners (to Britain and France, respectively), were bound for England on a British packet boat, RMS *Trent*, he ordered the steam frigate *San Jacinto* to stop them. On November 8, 1861, *San Jacinto* met *Trent* and fired two shots across its bow, forcing the ship to stop. A party from *San Jacinto* led by its captain then boarded *Trent* and arrested Mason and Slidell, a further violation of British neutrality. The diplomats were taken to Fort Warren in Boston Harbor.

The actions of "The Notorious Wilkes," as Bermuda media branded him, were contrary to maritime law and convinced many that full-scale war between the United States and the United Kingdom was inevitable.

He was officially thanked by Congress "for his brave, adroit and patriotic conduct". However, his action was later disavowed by President Lincoln due to diplomatic protests by the British government (Mason and Slidell were released). His next service was in the James River flotilla and he was placed on the retired list on December 21, 1861. Subsequently, after reaching the rank of commodore on July 16, 1862, he was assigned to duty against blockade runners in the West Indies.

Wilkes acquired a reputation for sometimes acting arrogantly and capriciously, perhaps partly because of his open conflict with Gideon Welles, who was the Secretary of the Navy. Welles recommended that Wilkes had been too old to receive the rank of commodore under the act then governing promotions. Wilkes wrote a scathing letter to Welles in response. The controversy ended in his court-martial in 1864. He was found guilty of disobedience of orders, insubordination, and other specifications. He was sentenced to public reprimand and suspension for three years. However, Lincoln reduced the suspension to one year, and the balance of charges were dropped. On July 25, 1866, he was promoted to the rank of rear admiral on the retired list.

Some historians speculate that Wilkes' obsessive behavior and harsh code of shipboard discipline shaped Herman Melville's characterization of Captain Ahab in *Moby-Dick*. Such speculation is not mentioned in the U.S. Naval historical archives.

In addition to his contribution to U.S. Naval history and scientific study in his official *Narrative of the Exploration Squadron* (6 volumes), Wilkes wrote his autobiography. Wilkes died in Washington, DC, with the rank of Rear Admiral.

In August 1909, the United States moved his remains to Arlington National Cemetery. His gravestone says that "he discovered the Ant-arctic continent."

The US Navy named four ships for Wilkes: torpedo boat USS *Wilkes* (TB-35) served around the turn of the 20th century, destroyer USS *Wilkes* (DD-67) served during World War I, and destroyer USS *Wilkes* (DD-441) served during World War II. An oceanographic survey vessel, USS *Wilkes* (T-AGS-33), was launched in 1969, sponsored by Mrs. Hollis Lyons Joy (Deborah Wilkes Joy), Wilkes' great granddaughter.

Wilkes Land in Antarctica is named after him.

In 1923, Wilkes Island, one of the three islands surrounding the lagoon at Wake Atoll was named for Wilkes by Alexander Wetmore, lead scientist of the Tanager Expedition.

Captain Charles Wilkes Elementary in Bainbridge Island, Washington is his namesake. Wilkes Boulevard in Columbia, Missouri is named in his honor, as is the Hawaiian plant genus *Wilkesia*.

Wikipedia contributors, "Charles Wilkes," *Wikipedia, The Free Encyclopedia*, [https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Charles\\_Wilkes&oldid=1000442694](https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Charles_Wilkes&oldid=1000442694) (accessed January 26, 2021).

## Reference

Nathaniel Philbrick. *Sea of Glory: America's Voyage of Discovery, The U.S. Exploring Expedition, 1838-1842*. Penguin Books, 2004.

## Research Interests

Regulus USA National Horoscope – Jupiter/Pisces Ascendant Distribution

## Rectification

### *Available Birth Data*

No birth time was located. The proposed rectification is speculative from a 24 hour time period.

### *Proposed Rectification*

Charles Wilkes  
3-Apr-1798  
9:10:02 PM  
LMT +04:56:02  
New York, NY  
74w00'23"  
40n42'51"  
ASC 17SC19'32"

### Stage I. Determine the Ascendant sign

### *Firdaria*

Wilkes is best known for leading the U.S. Exploring Expedition. Voyages of this type are Jupiterian in nature. For the nocturnal series, the expedition was proposed under Mars-Jupiter and taken during both Nodal periods. He returned to New York 4 months after the start of his major Sun period. With both Nodes ruled by Jupiter (North Node in bound of Jupiter/Gemini + South Node in bound of Jupiter/Sagittarius), both Nodal periods are key to interpreting the US Ex-Ex. While scientific discovery occurred during both Nodal periods, the South Node Firdaria period was marred by two sailors killed by Fiji natives and Wilkes' killing about 80 natives in retaliation. After his return he was court-martialed at the start of his major Sun period which is unusual for Sun/Aries.

Besides Mars-Jupiter, North Node, and South Node timing the US Ex-Ex, all of which favor the nocturnal Firdaria series, his first major period of military service occurred between ages 20-32 for the Major Jupiter Firdaria period. His first ship command occurs during Jupiter-Sun.

Conclusion: Horoscope is nocturnal.

### *Moon's Sign and Configuration*

Time	Moon's Degree	Sect	Configuration
12:00 AM	14SC24	N	Moon separates from Saturn and applies to Venus
5:44 AM	17SC46	D	Moon separates from Saturn and applies to Venus
6:11 AM	18SC02	D	Moon separates from Venus and applies to Mars
9:30 AM	19SC59	D	Moon separates from Mars and is VOC
6:22 PM	25SC06	N	Moon separates from Mars and is VOC
12:00 AM	28SC18	N	Moon separates from Mars and is VOC

Moon is in Scorpio for the entire day of birth. For a nocturnal figure, the Moon either separates from Saturn and applies to Venus for morning hours or separates from Mars and is VOC for evening hours. The fact that Wilkes ended his military career in notoriety after court-marshalled on two separate occasions favors the Moon's separation from Mars/VOC configuration and evening nocturnal hours.

Conclusion: Ascendant degree range is 14LI – SC – 21SA

### *Configuration of the Chart*

One of the apparent mismatches between Wilkes' chronology and the nocturnal Firdaria sequence is his 1<sup>st</sup> court-marshal and virtual disappearance from the public stage at the start of his major Sun Firdaria period. For Sun/Aries this raises some questions because the Sun is exalted in Aries. Yet if Scorpio rising is selected, Sun/Aries moves to the cadent 6<sup>th</sup> house. Placement of the Sun in the 6<sup>th</sup> is a place of retreat and hiding for the Sun. Examples of this are Sun/Pisces/6<sup>th</sup> for Robert F. Williams (see Regulus USA National Horoscope – Saturn/Leo distribution) and Adolph Eichmann (Victor project) who essentially disappear during the Sun's major Firdaria period. Eichmann was able to avoid detection from Nazi hunters for more than a decade during his major Sun Firdaria period.

For Wilkes, the 6<sup>th</sup> cadent house retreats from the 7<sup>th</sup> house of conflict and open enemies. He is accused of improper behavior during conflicts, is court-marshalled, and falls out of public view.

Conclusion: Ascendant is Scorpio

### Stage II. Determine the Ascendant's range within 1-4 degrees

### *Physiognomy*

The three decans of Scorpio and their respective rulers are Scorpio (Mars/Capricorn), Pisces (Jupiter/Aries), and Cancer (Moon/Scorpio). The bony ovate shape of Wilkes' face is assigned to Aries and is a delineation match to Jupiter/Aries ruling rising decan. The Ascendant degree range can be refined to 10SC00 – 19SC59.

## *Sensitive Degrees*

When determining the victor of the horoscope, Porphyry's model favors Mars but based on the following transits of Jupiter to the angles, the empirical victor appears Jupiter. Often times when there is a choice to be made about what is the victor of the horoscope, one can simply track the position of transiting planets for major events. A planet which is the victor will appear in the Ascendant or Midheaven signs for key life events or may be making a planetary return. Wilkes is perhaps one of the best examples of this phenomenon and why I am comfortable with the proposed rectification despite a limited chronology. These events narrow the Ascendant range to 16/17SC.

Date	Event	Measurement
Mar/May-1821	Two month assignment on the Washington	Jupiter return
Feb-1833	Rc'vd orders to run the Depot of Charts and Instruments	Jupiter return
18-May-1836	Congress authorized Exploring Expedition	Jupiter 14CA in 9 <sup>th</sup> house of travel
11-Aug/18-Aug-1837	Rcvd (11 <sup>th</sup> ) and set sail (18 <sup>th</sup> ) for US Ex-Ex	Jupiter 26-28LE partile conj MC
24-Sep-1840	Arrived Hawaii during US Ex-Ex, stayed 6 ½ months	trJupiter 17SC conj ASC
19-Apr-1861	Ordered to destroy Norfolk Navy Yard ahead of Confederate invasion	trNN 17CP40 sextile ASC, trJup 17LE sq ASC-DSC
11-Dec-1863	Penned angry letter in response to Sec Navy Wells letter of 7-Dec which blamed Wilkes for loss of Alabama, Florida, and Georgia in the Civil War	trJup 16SC35 conj ASC

### Stage III. Determine the exact Degree and Minute of the Ascendant

#### *Solar Arc Directions*

14-Feb-1818. *csa South Node conj ASC.*

6-May-1818. *dsa ASC conj South Node.*

Death of father John de Pontheiu Wilkes, 2-Feb-1818.

3-Jul-1837. *csa North Node trine MC.*

15-May-1838. *dsa MC trine North Node.*

Assumed command of the Vincennes at Norfolk in preparation for US Ex-Ex, 7-Jul-1837.

29-Jun-1838. *csa Jupiter trine ASC.*

11-Jun-1840. *dsa ASC trine Jupiter.*

After arriving at Callao, Peru on 6-Jun-1839, CW started acting like a martinet, creating conflict between him and other officers. He appointed himself captain and self-proclaimed 'Commodore' of the US Ex-Ex. In this direction, Jupiter/Aries signifies Wilkes himself and Mars/Capricorn at the superior square signifies his officers. Additional research required to confirm the dates of these event.

18-Mar-1861. *csa Mars conj ASC.*

2-May-1863. *dsa ASC conj Mars.*

Time between this solar arc pair closely times Wilkes Civil War service.

Ordered to help destroy Norfolk Navy Yard before Confederates took over, 19-Apr-1861.

Left West India Squadron for return to US, 1-Jun-1863.

*Primary Directions*

PT	D	Jupiter/Taurus	P	DSC d. => Jupiter (JU)	4-Jan-1821
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Death of Aunt Elizabeth Ann Seton who raised Charles after his mother's death in 1802, 4-Jan-1821, exact date.

PT	D	Mars/Leo	P	MC d. => North Node	21-Mar-1876
PT	D	Mars/Cancer	P	Saturn (0) d. => Jupiter (JU)	8-Feb-1877

Death, 8-Feb-1877.

*Notable Transit*

trSouth Node 5AR12 conjunct L.Fortune 5AR10.

Demoted to Rank of Rear Admiral and placed on retired list, 6-Aug-1866.

*Notable Posthumous solar arc direction*

dsa Jupiter 17SC19'47" conj ASC 17SC19'37" for 10-Nov-2003 publication of Nathaniel Philbrick's *Sea of Glory: America's Voyage of Discovery, The US Exploring Expedition*.

## Investigating the Victor of the Chart a/c Antiochus/Porphry – Stage I – Identify

Significator	Position	☉	☽	♃	♄	♅	♆	♁
MC degree	27LE57							
* MC degree - sign ruler		1						
MC degree - bound ruler						1		
MC degree - dwad ruler	5CA24		1					
* Planet in MC sign								
* Planet in MC bound								
Asc degree	17SC19							
* Asc degree - sign ruler						1		
Asc degree - bound ruler				1				
Asc degree - dwad ruler	27TA48				1			
* Planet in Asc sign			1					
* Planet in Asc bound								
Moon degree	26SC41							
* Moon degree - sign ruler						1		
Moon degree - bound ruler								1
Moon degree - dwad ruler	20VI12			1				
Sun degree	14AR32							
Sun degree - sign ruler						1		
Sun degree - bound ruler				1				
Sun degree - dwad ruler	24VI24			1				
Pars Fortuna degree	5AR10							
* Pars Fortuna degree - sign ruler						1		
Pars Fortuna degree - bound ruler							1	
Pars Fortuna degree - dwad ruler	2GE00			1				
Pars Spirit degree	29GE29							
Pars Spirit degree - sign ruler				1				
Pars Spirit degree - bound ruler								1
Pars Spirit degree - dwad ruler	23TA48				1			
Syzygy degree	11LE26							
* Syzygy degree - sign ruler		1						
Syzygy degree - bound ruler								1
Syzygy degree - dwad ruler	17SA12						1	
Planet Phases								
* Rising within 7 days								
* Setting within 7 days								
Acronycal rising								
* Station within 7 days								
Total (Sign only)		2	0	1	0	4	0	0
Total (Bound only)		0	0	2	0	1	1	3
Total (Dwad only)		0	1	3	2	0	1	0
Total (Sign + Bound)		2	0	3	0	5	1	3
Total (Sign + Bound + Dwad)		2	1	6	2	5	2	3
Total		2	1	6	2	5	2	3

## Investigating the Victor of the Chart a/c Antiochus/Porphyrus – Stage II – Evaluate

<b>SECT</b>	☉	☽	♃	♀	♂	♄	♅
Diurnal planets: Is the chart diurnal?							
Diurnal planets: Placed on same horizon as Sun?						1	
Diurnal planets: Placed in masculine sign?	1					1	
Nocturnal planets: Is the chart nocturnal?		1		1	1		
Nocturnal planets: Placed on opposite horizon as Sun?							
Nocturnal planets: Placed in feminine sign (except Mars)?		1		1			
Is Mercury diurnal on diurnal chart, or nocturnal on nocturnal chart?							
<b>SOLAR PHASE</b>	☉	☽	♃	♀	♂	♄	♅
Velocity	0.58	13.43	2.01	-0.05	0.37	0.14	0.03
Latitude		0n45	1s14	5n33	0s47	1s00	0s25
Superiors oriental or inferiors occidental?					1		
<b>ADVANCED: SUPERIOR PLANETS</b>							
Superior: Cazimi - Conjunct Sun							
Superior: Oriental - Combust							
Superior: Oriental - Under sunbeams							
Superior: Oriental - Rising to waxing sextile							
Superior: Oriental - Waxing sextile to square					1		
Superior: Oriental - Square to 1st station							
Superior: Oriental - 1st station (retrograde)							
Superior: Oriental - Retrograde to acronycal rising							
Superior: Acronycal rising							
Superior: Occidental - Opposition to 2nd station							
Superior: Occidental - 2nd station (direct)							
Superior: Occidental - From 2nd station to waning square							
Superior: Occidental - Waning square to sextile							1
Superior: Occidental - Sextile to sinking							
Superior: Occidental - Under sunbeams						1	
Superior: Occidental - Combust							
<b>ADVANCED: INFERIOR PLANETS</b>							
Inferior: Cazimi - Retrograde conjunction							
Inferior: Oriental - Retrograde combust							
Inferior: Oriental - Retrograde under sunbeams							
Inferior: Oriental - Rising to 1st direct station				1			
Inferior: Oriental - 1st direct station							
Inferior: Oriental - From 1st direct station to sinking							
Inferior: Oriental - Direct under sunbeams							
Inferior: Oriental - Direct combust							
Inferior: Cazimi - Direct conjunction			1				
Inferior: Occidental - Direct combust							
Inferior: Occidental - Direct under sunbeams							
Inferior: Occidental - Rising to 2nd retrograde station							
Inferior: Occidental - 2nd retrograde station							
Inferior: Occidental - From 2nd station to setting							
Inferior: Occidental - Retrograde under sunbeams							
Inferior: Occidental - Retrograde combust							

## Investigating the Victor of the Chart a/c Antiochus/Porphyrus – Stage II – Evaluate

<b>HOUSE POSITION</b>	☉	♃	♅	♁	♂	♄	♆
<b>Relative to Ascendant</b>							
Whole Sign House Position (ASC): Angle		1					
Whole Sign House Position (ASC): Succedent				1			
Whole Sign House Position (ASC): Cadent	1		1		1	1	1
<b>Relative to Lot of Fortune</b>							
Whole Sign House Position (LOF): Angle	1		1		1	1	1
Whole Sign House Position (LOF): Succedent		1					
Whole Sign House Position (LOF): Cadent				1			
<b>Relative to Lot of Spirit</b>							
Whole Sign House Position (LOS): Angle				1			
Whole Sign House Position (LOS): Succedent	1		1		1	1	1
Whole Sign House Position (LOS): Cadent		1					
<b>House of Joy</b>							
Whole Sign House of Joy				1			
<b>Quadrant Placement relative to Sex</b>							
Masculine planets in masculine quadrants (4,5,6,10,11,12)	1					1	
Feminine planets in feminine quadrants (1,2,3,7,8,9)		1					
<b>ESSENTIAL DIGNITY</b>	☉	♃	♅	♁	♂	♄	♆
Dignity - Sign							
Dignity - Exaltation	1			1	1		
Dignity - Exaltation degree							
Dignity - Triplicity - Diurnal	1			1			
Dignity - Triplicity - Nocturnal						1	
Dignity - Triplicity - Participating					1		
Dignity - Bound							
Dignity - Decan	1	1				1	
Dignity - Fall		1					
Dignity - Detriment							1
<b>PLANETARY/NODAL CONFIGURATION</b>	☉	♃	♅	♁	♂	♄	♆
<b>Moon's configuration</b>							
From which planet does the Moon separate?					1		
To which planet does the Moon apply?							
<b>Reception</b>							
Which planets are received by sign?	1	1	1		1	1	1
Mutual reception by sign							
Which planets are received by exaltation?	in		1	in	in	1	
Mutual reception by exaltation							
Which planets are received by bound?	1	1			1	1	1
Mutual reception by bound			1	1			
<b>Position relative to the Nodes</b>							
Conjunct the North Node by sign?							
Conjunct the North Node within 12 degrees?							
Conjunct the South Node by sign?							
Conjunct the South Node within 12 degrees?							
Square the Nodes within 5 degrees?							
<b>TIME LORDS</b>	☉	♃	♅	♁	♂	♄	♆
Day ruler					1		
Planetary Hour ruler					1		

## Template for Investigation of Manners

MANNERS	-----	☉	☽	♃	♀	♂	♄	♅
<b>MOON 26SC41</b>								
Sign Ruler	♂♂							
Bound	♃♄							
Bound Ruler	♃♄							
Mubtazz Scoring- single point	♂♂		1			1,1		1
Mubtazz Scoring – early medieval	♂♂		1			5,2		3
Mubtazz Scoring – late medieval	♂♂		3,1		3	5,3		2
Fixed Stars								
Moon conj Rigel Kentaurus 0 42' (Centaur)	♀♄							
<b>MERCURY 11AR30</b>								
Sign Ruler	♂♂							
Bound	♀♄							
Bound Ruler	♀♃-rx							
Mubtazz Scoring for Mercury – single point	☉♄ => ♃♄	1,1			1	1	1	
Mubtazz Scoring for Mercury – early Medieval	☉♄ => ♃♄ or ♂♂	4,1			3	5	2	
Mubtazz Scoring for Mercury – late Medieval	☉♄ => ♃♄	4,3,1			2	5	3	3
Fixed Stars								
Mercury conj Alpheratz 0 42' (Pegasus)	♀							

### KEY – Mubtazz Scoring

Single point: assigns 1 point for each essential dignity

Early medieval: sign 5, exaltation 4, bound 3, primary triplicity lord 2, decan 1. Used by al-Kindī and Māshā'allāh.

Late medieval: sign 4, exaltation 4, triplicity lords (all) 3, bound 2, decan 1. Used by Schoener; taught by Zoller.

Fixed Stars from Janus 4.3 software. Criteria: conjunction within 2 degrees longitude.

### Additional

Moon's Configuration: Moon separates from Mars and is VOC, nocturnal, preventional.

Moon-Mercury whole sign aspect? No. Moon and Mercury are in aversion.

Do scoring methods agree? Mars (sign-based); Saturn-Venus (bound-based)

## Model Summary

(for model details see [www.regulus-astrology.com/research.html](http://www.regulus-astrology.com/research.html))

### Physiognomy

Ascendant sign: Scorpio

Ascendant sign ruler: Mars/Capricorn

Ascendant decan: Pisces

Ascendant decan ruler: Jupiter/Aries

Planets/Nodes placed in the Ascendant sign or decan: Moon/Scorpio in Ascendant; Venus/Pisces-rx in sign of rising decan.

Longevity: 78y 10m 5d

*Releaser and kadukhudhāh*. Figure is nocturnal and Moon/Scorpio/1<sup>st</sup> is acceptable as releaser. Bound lord Saturn/Cancer is in detriment and in a wide trine, there are better choices. Theory favors sign and nocturnal triplicity lord Mars/Capricorn in its sign of exaltation and sextile to the Moon as the kadukhudhah. If so, Mars grants 66 major years and Venus adds 8 minor years by sextile aspect with reception for a net of 74yrs. If Saturn opposed in a wide opposition of 15 degrees deducts 30 minor years, net projection is 44yrs which is too short. If Saturn does not deduct because the opposition is too wide, 74yrs is still too short.

The elephant in the room is Wilke's actual longevity is 2 months shy of Jupiter's 79 major years. And just as theory for the kadukhudhah favors Mars – as well as theory for the victor – Wilkes' major life events are primarily timed by Jupiter returns and Jupiter transits to the angles. Empirically Jupiter is the kadukhudhāh.

Victor of the Chart: Jupiter/Aries

Porphyr's Stage I criteria hands down favors Mars which by Stage II criteria in the sign of exaltation and overcomes the Aries stellium. All of these factors point to Mars yet as the transits listed in Stage II rectification – sensitive degrees demonstrate, Wilkes' victor is clearly Jupiter. This is an exception from theory which I would not have identified from a blind reading.

Manners: Mars (sign-based); Saturn-Venus (bound-based)

**Firdaria according to Bonatti****Victor Life Event**

Gregorian Calendar System Dates

Moon 9 years Age 0 to 9

Moon Moon 03 Apr 1798 Age 000y 00m 00d

Moon Saturn 17 Jul 1799 Age 001y 03m 13d

Moon Jupiter 30 Oct 1800 Age 002y 06m 27d X

Moon Mars 11 Feb 1802 Age 003y 10m 09d

Moon Sun 27 May 1803 Age 005y 01m 22d

Moon Venus 07 Sep 1804 Age 006y 05m 05d

Moon Mercury 21 Dec 1805 Age 007y 08m 18d

Saturn 11 years Age 9 to 20

Saturn Saturn 05 Apr 1807 Age 009y 00m 00d

Saturn Jupiter 30 Oct 1808 Age 010y 06m 27d X

Saturn Mars 26 May 1810 Age 012y 01m 23d

Saturn Sun 21 Dec 1811 Age 013y 08m 18d

Saturn Venus 17 Jul 1813 Age 015y 03m 14d

Saturn Mercury 11 Feb 1815 Age 016y 10m 10d

Saturn Moon 07 Sep 1816 Age 018y 05m 04d 1-Jan-1818. Appointed midshipman

Jupiter 12 years Age 20 to 32

Jupiter Jupiter 04 Apr 1818 Age 020y 00m 00d X

Jupiter Mars 21 Dec 1819 Age 021y 08m 18d X

Jupiter Sun 07 Sep 1821 Age 023y 05m 05d X

Jupiter Venus 27 May 1823 Age 025y 01m 22d X

Jupiter Mercury 11 Feb 1825 Age 026y 10m 09d X

Jupiter Moon 30 Oct 1826 Age 028y 06m 27d X

Jupiter Saturn 17 Jul 1828 Age 030y 03m 13d X

Jul-1818, Transferred to Guerriere for cruise in Baltic and Mediterranean Seas.

4-Jan-1821, Death of Aunt Elizabeth Ann Seton who raised CW after his mother's death in 1802; Mar-May-1821, two month assignment in Washington.

3-Mar-1823, Commanded American merchant ship Ocain.

15-Oct-1823, Arrived Boston and traveled to Washington for court-martial of Capt. Stewart.

26-Apr-1826, Married Jane Renwick; 28-Apr-1826, Promoted Lieutenant.

Mar-1827, requested surveying duty.

Jul-1828, withdrew application for request of exploring expedition.

Mars 7 years Age 32 to 39

Mars Mars 04 Apr 1830 Age 032y 00m 00d

Mars Sun 04 Apr 1831 Age 033y 00m 01d

Mars Venus 04 Apr 1832 Age 034y 00m 00d

Mars Mercury 04 Apr 1833 Age 035y 00m 00d

Mars Moon 04 Apr 1834 Age 036y 00m 00d

Mars Saturn 04 Apr 1835 Age 037y 00m 01d

Mars Jupiter 04 Apr 1836 Age 038y 00m 00d X

Apr-1836, Ohio newspaper editor Jeremiah Reynolds proposed exploring expedition.

Moon's North Node 3 years Age 39 to 42

Moon's North Node 04 Apr 1837 Age 039y 00m 00d X

20-Apr-1837, Received command for U.S. Exploring Expedition.

Moon's South Node 2 years Age 42 to 44

Moon's South Node 04 Apr 1840 Age 042y 00m 00d X

Jul-1840, Two sailors killed by natives at Fiji; CW retaliated by killing about 80 natives.

Sun 10 years Age 44 to 54

Sun Sun 04 Apr 1842 Age 044y 00m 00d

10-Jun-1842, Returned to New York, concluded expedition.

Sun Venus 08 Sep 1843 Age 045y 05m 05d

Sun Mercury 11 Feb 1845 Age 046y 10m 09d

Sun Moon 17 Jul 1846 Age 048y 03m 14d

Sun Saturn 21 Dec 1847 Age 049y 08m 18d

Sun Jupiter 26 May 1849 Age 051y 01m 22d X

Sun Mars 30 Oct 1850 Age 052y 06m 27d

Venus 8 years Age 54 to 62

Venus Venus 03 Apr 1852 Age 054y 00m 00d  
Venus Mercury 26 May 1853 Age 055y 01m 22d  
Venus Moon 17 Jul 1854 Age 056y 03m 14d  
Venus Saturn 08 Sep 1855 Age 057y 05m 05d  
Venus Jupiter 29 Oct 1856 Age 058y 06m 26d  
Venus Mars 21 Dec 1857 Age 059y 08m 18d  
Venus Sun 11 Feb 1859 Age 060y 10m 09d

X

Mercury 13 years Age 62 to 75

Mercury Mercury 03 Apr 1860 Age 062y 00m 00d  
Mercury Moon 11 Feb 1862 Age 063y 10m 09d  
Mercury Saturn 21 Dec 1863 Age 065y 08m 18d  
Mercury Jupiter 29 Oct 1865 Age 067y 06m 27d  
Mercury Mars 08 Sep 1867 Age 069y 05m 05d  
Mercury Sun 17 Jul 1869 Age 071y 03m 13d  
Mercury Venus 26 May 1871 Age 073y 01m 22d

X

6-Aug-1866, Rank of Rear Admiral, on retired list.

Moon 9 years Age 75 to 84

Moon Moon 04 Apr 1873 Age 075y 00m 00d  
Moon Saturn 17 Jul 1874 Age 076y 03m 13d  
Moon Jupiter 30 Oct 1875 Age 077y 06m 27d  
Moon Mars 10 Feb 1877 Age 078y 10m 10d

X

8-Feb-1877, Death.

### Zodiacal Releasing from Spirit

Lot of Spirit = 29GE29; Lot of Fortune = 5AR09

Fortune Angles: LOF1 (AR), LOF4 (CA), LOF7 (LI), LOF10 (CP)

L1 Gemini 03 Apr 1798			
L2 Gemini 03 Apr 1798			
L2 Cancer 24 Nov 1799	<b>LOF4</b>		
L2 Leo 14 Dec 1801			
L2 Virgo 07 Jul 1803			
L2 Libra 26 Feb 1805	<b>LOF7</b>		
L2 Scorpio 24 Oct 1805			
L2 Sagittarius 17 Jan 1807		<b>FS</b>	
L2 Capricorn 12 Jan 1808	<b>LOF10</b>		
L2 Aquarius 01 Apr 1810			
L2 Pisces 17 Sep 1812			
L2 Aries 12 Sep 1813	<b>LOF1</b>	<b>Lord LOS/L1</b>	
L2 Taurus 06 Dec 1814			
L2 Sagittarius 03 Aug 1815 LB		<b>LB</b>	
L2 Capricorn 28 Jul 1816	<b>LOF10</b>		

L1 Cancer 20 Dec 1817	<b>LOF4</b>		
L2 Cancer 20 Dec 1817	<b>LOF4</b>		1-Jan-1818, Appointed midshipman; 2-Feb-1818, Death of father; Jul-1818, Transferred to cruise in Baltic and Mediterranean oceans.
L2 Leo 09 Jan 1820			
L2 Virgo 01 Aug 1821			
L2 Libra 24 Mar 1823	<b>LOF7</b>		15-Oct-1823, Traveled to Washington for court-martial of Captain Stewart.
L2 Scorpio 19 Nov 1823		<b>Lord L1</b>	
L2 Sagittarius 11 Feb 1825			
L2 Capricorn 06 Feb 1826	<b>LOF10</b>	<b>FS</b>	26-Apr-1826, Married Jane Renwick; 28-Apr-1826, Promoted to Lieutenant; 31-Mar-1827, Birth of son John.
L2 Aquarius 26 Apr 1828			
L2 Pisces 13 Oct 1830			
L2 Aries 08 Oct 1831	<b>LOF1</b>	<b>Lord LOS</b>	Spring-1832, Survey team member for Narragansett Bay project.
L2 Taurus 31 Dec 1832			
L2 Gemini 28 Aug 1833			
L2 Capricorn 20 Apr 1835 LB	<b>LOF10</b>	<b>LB</b>	Apr-1836, Exploring Expedition is proposed; 20-Apr-1837, Appointed to command ex-ex; 7-Jul-1837, Assumed command of Vincennes at Norfolk.
L2 Aquarius 08 Jul 1837			
L2 Pisces 25 Dec 1839			
L2 Aries 19 Dec 1840	<b>LOF1</b>	<b>Lord LOS</b>	5-Apr-1841, Left Hawaii; 28-Apr-1841, Arrived Columbia River; 17-Nov-1841, Arrived Hawaii; Jan-1842, Philippines; 12-Feb-1842, Borneo; 19-Feb-1842, Singapore.
L2 Taurus 14 Mar 1842			

L1 Leo	11 Aug 1842		
L2 Leo	11 Aug 1842		
L2 Virgo	03 Mar 1844		
L2 Libra	24 Oct 1845	<b>LOF7</b>	
L2 Scorpio	21 Jun 1846		
L2 Sagittarius	14 Sep 1847		11-Aug-1848, Death of 1st wife.
L2 Capricorn	08 Sep 1848	<b>LOF10</b>	
L2 Aquarius	27 Nov 1850	<b>FS</b>	
L2 Pisces	15 May 1853		
L2 Aries	10 May 1854	<b>LOF1</b>	<b>Lord LOS/L1</b> 6-Oct-1854, Marriage to 2nd wife.
L2 Taurus	03 Aug 1855		
L2 Gemini	30 Mar 1856		
L2 Cancer	20 Nov 1857	<b>LOF4</b>	Late-1858, Assigned to evaluate North Carolina's natural resources for naval use.
L2 Aquarius	10 Dec 1859 LB	<b>LB</b>	19-Apr-1861, Ordered to help destroy Norfolk Navy Yard before Union forces abandoned it to the South.

L1 Virgo	03 May 1861		
L2 Virgo	03 May 1861		8-Sep-1862, Ordered to command West India Squadron.
L2 Libra	24 Dec 1862	<b>LOF7</b>	1-Jun-1863, Detached from West India Squadron; 30-Jun-1863, Set sail for US.
L2 Scorpio	21 Aug 1863		
L2 Sagittarius	13 Nov 1864		
L2 Capricorn	08 Nov 1865	<b>LOF10</b>	6-Aug-1866, Rank of Rear Admiral, on retired list.
L2 Aquarius	27 Jan 1868		
L2 Pisces	15 Jul 1870	<b>FS</b>	
L2 Aries	10 Jul 1871	<b>LOF1</b>	<b>Lord LOS/L1</b>
L2 Taurus	02 Oct 1872		
L2 Gemini	30 May 1873		
L2 Cancer	20 Jan 1875	<b>LOF4</b>	
L2 Leo	08 Feb 1877		8-Feb-1877, Death.
L2 Pisces	01 Sep 1878 LB	<b>LB</b>	

## Distributions of the Ascendant

### Calculation Settings

Zodiac, Placidus Semi-Arc, Primary Directions

Egyptian (Robbins Tet) Bounds

Zero Latitude

One Degree Timing

Date	Distributor	Partner
03 Apr 1798	♀	
06 Feb 1799	♀	dex Δ ♀
25 May 1800	♃	
13 Jan 1802	♃	dex ✖ ♂
09 Oct 1806	♃	
14 Mar 1810	♃	♂ D
15 May 1814	♃ ↗	
20 Aug 1828	♃	dex Δ ♀
28 Mar 1829	♀	
20 Apr 1832	♀	dex Δ ☉
28 Mar 1835	♀	
28 May 1836	♀	dex □ ♀
06 Dec 1839	♃	
20 Aug 1845	♂	
28 Mar 1848	♂	dex Δ ♃
22 Jan 1850	♀ 18	
04 May 1856	♀	♂ ♃
25 Jun 1857	♃	
09 Jan 1862	♃	dex □ ♀
17 Jun 1864	♀	
23 Dec 1864	♀	dex □ ☉
26 Mar 1868	♀	dex ✖ ♀
05 May 1870	♀	♂ ♂
20 Nov 1871	♃	
20 May 1875	♂	
24 Dec 1875	♂	sin ✖ D
13 May 1877	♂	dex □ ♃

## Distributions of the Midheaven

### Calculation Settings

Zodiac, Placidus Semi-Arc, Primary Directions

Egyptian (Robbins Tet) Bounds

Zero Latitude

One Degree Timing

Date	Distributor	Partner
03 Apr 1798	♂	
17 Aug 1798	♂	sin Δ ♃
21 Mar 1800	♀ ♃	
23 Oct 1805	♀	sin ✖ ♃
07 Nov 1806	♀	
02 Mar 1816	♃	
29 Jan 1817	♃	♁ ♀
13 Mar 1819	♃	dex Δ ♂
10 Nov 1819	♂	
04 Feb 1825	♂	dex ✖ ♃
16 Apr 1826	♃	
15 Feb 1828	♃ ♃	
14 Jul 1833	♃	sin □ ♃
18 Aug 1833	♀	
12 Sep 1838	♀	♁ ♀
02 Jan 1841	♃	
03 Jul 1841	♃	♁ ☉
07 Nov 1846	♃	dex □ ♂
10 Jul 1847	♀	
14 Feb 1854	♂	
12 Jun 1854	♂	♁ ♃
11 Jan 1856	♂ ♃	
14 Sep 1861	♂	sin Δ ♃
11 Oct 1862	♀	
10 Sep 1866	♀	
22 Aug 1873	♀	dex Δ ♀
30 Aug 1874	♃	
16 Dec 1875	♃	dex ✖ ♂

## Distributions of the Sun

### Calculation Settings

Zodiac, Placidus Semi-Arc, Primary Directions

Egyptian (Robbins Tet) Bounds

Zero Latitude

One Degree Timing

Date	Distributor	Partner
03 Apr 1798	♀	
09 Apr 1804	♂	
01 Aug 1804	♂	sin □ ♂
22 Oct 1809	♃	
11 Jul 1813	♃	♄ ♃
20 May 1815	♀ ♃	
31 Dec 1821	♀	dex * ♃
16 May 1824	♀	
08 Mar 1831	♃	
26 Sep 1835	♃	sin * ♀
13 May 1838	♃	sin △ ♂
02 May 1840	♃	
27 Sep 1845	♃	♄ ♃
31 Jan 1846	♂	
16 Jul 1849	♀ ♃	
13 Jun 1856	♃	
07 Oct 1862	♃	sin * ♀
02 May 1863	♀	
26 Mar 1866	♀	sin * ☉
10 Jan 1869	♂	
22 Feb 1870	♂	sin □ ♀
23 Nov 1876	♃	

## Distributions of the Moon

### Calculation Settings

Zodiac, Placidus Semi-Arc, Primary Directions

Egyptian (Robbins Tet) Bounds

Planet's Latitude

One Degree Timing

Date	Distributor	Partner
03 Apr 1798	♃	
31 Oct 1802	♃ ✕	
20 Jun 1817	♀	
19 Nov 1817	♀	dex △ ♃
26 Dec 1819	♀	dex □ ♀
30 Jun 1820	♀	dex △ ☉
27 May 1823	♃	
21 Jan 1828	♃	
24 Sep 1833	♂	
30 Apr 1837	♂	dex △ ♃
24 Feb 1838	♃ 13	
17 Nov 1844	♃	♂ ♃
05 Aug 1845	♃	
07 Sep 1850	♃	dex ✕ ♀
08 Jul 1851	♃	dex □ ♃
20 Aug 1852	♀	
28 Feb 1853	♀	dex □ ☉
01 Jul 1859	♀	♂ ♂
08 Mar 1860	♃	
09 Jul 1863	♃	sin ✕ ☽
05 Oct 1863	♂	
09 Dec 1866	♂	dex □ ♃
16 Mar 1867	♃ ≈	
10 Dec 1872	♀	
04 Aug 1877	♃	
16 Nov 1877	♃	dex ✕ ♃

## Distributions of the Part of Fortune

### Calculation Settings

Zodiac, Placidus Semi-Arc, Primary Directions

Egyptian (Robbins Tet) Bounds

Zero Latitude

One Degree Timing

Date	Distributor	Partner
03 Apr 1798	♄	
09 Jan 1799	♄	dex ☐ ♃
18 Feb 1799	♀	
09 Dec 1804	♀	♂ ♃
18 Jun 1805	♃	
25 Feb 1808	♃	♂ ☉
13 Dec 1813	♂	
02 Apr 1814	♂	sin ☐ ♂
18 Apr 1819	♃	
20 Nov 1822	♃	♂ ♄
04 Sep 1824	♀ ♂	
30 Jan 1831	♀	dex ✖ ♃
19 May 1833	♃	
26 Dec 1839	♄	
28 May 1844	♄	sin ✖ ♀
18 Dec 1846	♄	sin △ ♂
18 Nov 1848	♃	
24 Feb 1854	♃	♂ ☽
28 Jun 1854	♂	
12 Nov 1857	♃ II	
19 Aug 1864	♄	
05 Nov 1870	♄	sin ✖ ♃
28 May 1871	♀	
06 Apr 1874	♀	sin ✖ ☉
09 Jan 1877	♂	
17 Feb 1878	♂	sin ☐ ♀

## Distributions of the Part of Spirit

### Calculation Settings

Zodiac, Placidus Semi-Arc, Primary Directions

Egyptian (Robbins Tet) Bounds

Zero Latitude

One Degree Timing

Date	Distributor	Partner
03 Apr 1798	♃	
25 Oct 1798	♂ ♄	
01 Mar 1805	♂	♂ ♃
02 May 1806	♀	
12 Jan 1811	♀	sin □ ♃
26 Jul 1812	♀	
18 Feb 1814	♀	sin □ ☉
05 Aug 1817	♀	sin △ ♀
07 Aug 1818	♃	
11 Nov 1819	♃	♃ ♂
14 May 1825	♃	
10 Jan 1826	♃	dex △ ☽
26 Jul 1827	♃	sin □ ♃
07 Feb 1829	♃ ♄	
16 Jul 1834	♀	
30 Nov 1838	♃	
08 May 1839	♃	sin △ ♃
08 Dec 1841	♃	sin △ ☉
30 Oct 1844	♀	
22 Sep 1849	♂	
17 Nov 1851	♂	dex □ ☽
05 Mar 1853	♂	sin △ ♃
24 Jun 1854	♀ ♃	
12 Jan 1859	♀	sin * ♃
15 Nov 1859	♀	
17 May 1867	♃	
07 Feb 1868	♃	♃ ♀
18 Oct 1869	♃	dex △ ♂
29 Apr 1870	♂	
04 Jul 1874	♂	dex * ☽
17 Jun 1875	♃	
03 Dec 1876	♃ ♄	